# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

NM5202090

## Section 1. Identification

Product name	: BERNYL™ INTRO Clear Precatalyzed Topcoat 90 Gloss
Product code	: NM5202090
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: AcromaPro Wood Finishes 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
National contact	: AcromaPro Wood Finishes 140 Garden Ave. Brantford, ON N3S 7W4
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: 1-888-277-1448 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	
substance or mixture	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	N
substance of mixture	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 1.3% (oral), 46.6% (dermal), 12% (inhalation)	
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Signal word	: Danger	

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Ethanol	25.27	64-17-5
n-Butyl Acetate	21.33	123-86-4
Toluene	13.45	108-88-3
Cellulose Nitrate	6.56	9004-70-0
Xylene, mixed isomers	6.04	1330-20-7
2-Propanol	4.06	67-63-0
1-Butanol	2.88	71-36-3
Ethylbenzene	1.07	100-41-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Date of issue/Date	e of revision	: 5/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version	: 20	2/21
NM5202090	BERNYL™ INTRO Cle 90 Gloss	ear Precatalyzed	Topcoat		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA	

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

<b>Description of necess</b>	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most importa	nt symptoms/effe	<u>cts, acute an</u>	<u>d delayed</u>			
Potential acu	ute health effects					
Eye contact	t :	Causes seri	ous eye irritation.			
Inhalation	:	Can cause o dizziness.	central nervous system (	(CNS) depression.	May cause drowsiness or	
Skin contac	st :	Causes skin	irritation.			
Ingestion	:	Can cause o enters airwa	-	(CNS) depression.	May be fatal if swallowed and	
<u>Over-exposu</u>	ire signs/symptor	<u>ns</u>				
Eye contac	t :	Adverse syn pain or irrita watering redness	nptoms may include the tion	following:		
Inhalation	:	Adverse syn nausea or ve headache drowsiness/ dizziness/ve unconscious reduced feta	fatigue rtigo sness	following:		
Date of issue/Dat	e of revision	: 5/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version : 20	3/21
NM5202090	BERNYL™ INTRO C 90 Gloss	lear Precatalyzed	l Topcoat		SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA	

# Section 4. First aid measures

	increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li> <li>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

from the chemicalIn a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxidesSpecial protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	-	
mediaUnsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazar In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with th risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide nitrogen oxidesSpecial protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathin apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	Extinguishing media	
mediaSpecific hazards arising from the chemical: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazar In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with th risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide nitrogen oxidesSpecial protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathin apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.		: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
from the chemicalIn a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxidesSpecial protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathin apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.		: Do not use water jet.
decomposition productscarbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxidesSpecial protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathin apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	•	
<ul> <li>for fire-fighters</li> <li>special protective equipment for fire-fighters</li> <li>there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.</li> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathin apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>		carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
equipment for fire-fighters apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.		there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water
Remark : Flammable liquid.		: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	Remark	: Flammable liquid.

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 5/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version	: 20	4/21
NM5202090	BERNYL™ INTRO Clea 90 Gloss	r Precatalyzed	Topcoat		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA	

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

: 1/21/2024

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
	contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ethanol n-Butyl Acetate	64-17-5	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
		<ul> <li>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEL: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</li> <li>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 710 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [Butyl acetates]</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Toluene	108-88-3	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 300 ppm AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Cellulose Nitrate Xylene, mixed isomers	9004-70-0 1330-20-7	None. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-Propanol	67-63-0	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).

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		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
		STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 1225 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
1-Butanol	71-36-3	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		Absorbed through skin.
		CEIL: 50 ppm
		CEIL: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Ethylhanzana	100-41-4	3
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Ototoxicant.
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
		STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
		l

#### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limit	ts	
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 1880 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.		
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	OEL: 200 ppm OEL: 950 mg/n OEL: 150 ppm OEL: 713 mg/n	n <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 8 hours. n <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>van Provincial (Canada,</b> n 15 minutes.	
te of issue/Date of revision : 5/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version : 20	7.
I5202090 BERNYL™ INTRO Clear Precataly 90 Gloss			SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA	

Toluene	108-88-3	<ul> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023). [butyl acetates] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). Absorbed through skin.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>OEL: 188 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).</li> <li>TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Xylene	1330-20-7	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).</li> <li>[Dimethylbenzene] <ul> <li>OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>OEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> </ul> </li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Xylene (o, m &amp; p isomers)] <ul> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul> </li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).</li> <li>[Xylene] <ul> <li>TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> </ul> </li> <li>[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] <ul> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
lsopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 984 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 492 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,

		<ul> <li>8/2023).</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).</li> <li>TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 400 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
Normal butyl alcohol	71-36-3	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 60 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).</li> <li>TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>C: 30 ppm</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).</li> <li>Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 152 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).</li> <li>OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2023).</li> <li>TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Ethanol	64-17-5	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	<b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b> TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Toluene	108-88-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Xileno, mezcla] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
2-Propanol	67-63-0	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Butanol	71-36-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

#### **Biological exposure indices (United States)**

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Toluene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 7/2023) BEI: 0.03 mg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. BEI: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. BEI: 0.02 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: prior to last shift of workweek.
Xylene, mixed isomers	ACGIH BEI (United States, 7/2023) [xylenes (technical or commercial grades)] BEI: 0.3 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
2-Propanol	ACGIH BEI (United States, 7/2023) BEI: 40 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 7/2023) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

#### **Biological exposure indices (Canada)**

No exposure indices known.

**Biological exposure indices (Mexico)** 

90 Gloss

ngredient name	Exposure indices
Ingredient name Toluene	Exposure indicesOfficial Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical 
Xylene, mixed isomers	at the end of the work shift. Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personne occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
2-Propanol	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personne occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 40 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift a the end of the work week.
Ethylbenzene	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personne occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.;

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 5/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version	: 20	12/21
NM5202090 BERNYL™ INTRO Clear Precatalyzed T 90 Gloss		Topcoat		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA		

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	: Liqu	uid.			
Color	: Clea	ar.			
Odor	: Not	available.			
Odor threshold	: Not	available.			
рН	: Not	applicable.			
Melting point/freezing point	: Not	available.			
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 77°	C (170.6°F)			
Flash point	: Clo	sed cup: 6°C (42.8°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]			
Evaporation rate	: 2 (b	outyl acetate = 1)			
Flammability : Flam		lammable liquid.			
		Lower: 1% Upper: 19%			
Vapor pressure	: 5.9	9 kPa (44 mm Hg)			
Relative vapor density	: 1.5	[Air = 1]			
Relative density	: 0.92				
Solubility(ies)	:				
Media		Result			
cold water		Not soluble			
Partition coefficient: n- : Not a octanol/water		applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature : Not a		lot available.			
Decomposition temperature : Not a		ot available.			
Viscosity : Kine		(inematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)			
Molecular weight	: No	t applicable.			
Heat of combustion	: 20.37 kJ/g				

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this	product or its ingredien	ts.
Chemical stability			
Possibility of hazard reactions	us : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous re	eactions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or s allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.		
Date of issue/Date of revis	on : 5/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/21/2024	Version : 20	13/21
NM5202090 BERNY 90 Glos	™ INTRO Clear Precatalyzed Topcoat	SHW-85-NA-GHS-C	Α

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
Cellulose Nitrate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
2-Propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
1-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	-			mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.0666666667	-
	-			minutes 100	
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
oluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
				uL	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
ylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 5	_

# Section 11. Toxicological information

			mg	
Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
			mg	
Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
			mg	
Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
			mg	
Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
			mg	
Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
			mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant	Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit RabbitEyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Moderate irritantRabbit RabbitEyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit Rabbit RabbitSkin - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit Rabbit RabbitSkin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit Rabbit RabbitSkin - Moderate irritantRabbit RabbitSkin - Moderate irritantRabbitSkin - Moderate irritantRabbit	Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit Rabbit-Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Moderate irritantRabbit Rabbit-Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit Rabbit-Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit Rabbit-Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit Rabbit-Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit Rabbit-Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit Rabbit-Skin - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit Rabbit-	Skin - Mild irritantRat-8 hours 60 uLSkin - Moderate irritantRabbit-100 %Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-24 hours 500Eyes - Moderate irritantRabbit-10 mgEyes - Moderate irritantRabbit-10 mgEyes - Severe irritantRabbit-100 mgEyes - Severe irritantRabbit-100 mgSkin - Mild irritantRabbit-100 mgEyes - Severe irritantRabbit-500 mgEyes - Severe irritantRabbit-0.005 MlEyes - Severe irritantRabbit-24 hours 2Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-24 hours 2Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-24 hours 20MgSkin - Moderate irritantRabbit-24 hours 20Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-24 hours 20Skin - Mild irritantRabbit-24 hours 15

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Ethanol	-	1	-
Toluene	-	3	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
2-Propanol	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Ethanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
2-Propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-Butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 5/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version	:20	15/21
NM5202090					SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA	L .

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs	
Toluene	Category 2	-	-	$\overline{}$
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-	
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-	

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.	
Potential acute health effe	<u>ects</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Symptoms related to the	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Delayed and immediate e Short term exposure	ffects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Date of issue/Date of revisionNM5202090BERNYL™ IN 90 Gloss	: 5/19/2024Date of previous issue: 1/21/2024Version: 2016IRO Clear Precatalyzed TopcoatSHW-85-NA-GHS-CA	/21

## Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health e	effects	
Not available.		
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	: May damage the unborn child.	
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	27212.93 mg/kg
Dermal	16347.85 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	904.99 mg/l

# Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia	48 hours
		franciscana - Larvae	
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
		Neonate	-
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki -	12 weeks
		Larvae	
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Toluene	Acute EC50 >433 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus	48 hours
		<i>pseudolimnaeus</i> - Adult	
	Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> -	48 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
		pugio	
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-Propanol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> -	48 hours
		Neonate	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/19/2024 Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024 Version : 20	0 17/
NM5202090 BERNYL™ INTF 90 Gloss	O Clear Precatalyzed Topcoat	SHW-85-NA-	GHS-CA

## Section 12. Ecological information

	•		
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
1-Butanol	Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
		Nauplii	
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability	
Ethanol	-	-	Readily	
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily	
Toluene	-	-	Readily	
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily	
2-Propanol	-	-	Readily	
1-Butanol	-	-	Readily	
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily	

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Toluene	-	90	Low
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	Low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14	. Transport	information
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	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	Ш	11	11	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	- ERG No. 128	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). <b>ERG No.</b> 128	- ERG No. 128		Emergency schedules F-E, S E
ransport in bulk ac	mode c suitably to shipr of the p danger and on	er container sizes. The of transport (sea, air, of or that mode of trans ment, and compliance person offering the pro- ous goods must be tr all actions in case of	e presence of a shi etc.), does not indic isport. All packagin e with the applicable oduct for transport. ained on all of the r	pping description ate that the produ g must be reviewe regulations is the People loading ar isks deriving from	for a particular ct is packaged d for suitability prior sole responsibility d unloading

# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

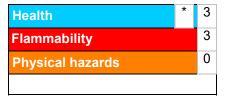
Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 5/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version	: 20	19/21
NM5202090	BERNYL™ INTRO Cle 90 Gloss	ar Precatalyzed	Topcoat		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA	A

## Section 15. Regulatory information

International lists	: Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined.
	China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
	Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
	Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
	Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
	Thailand inventory: Not determined.
	Turkey inventory: Not determined.
	Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Justification
On basis of test data
Calculation method
Calculation method
Calculation method

HISTORY	
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Version	: 20
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 5/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/21/2024	Version	:20	20/21
NM5202090	BERNYL™ INTRO Clea 90 Gloss	r Precatalyzed	Topcoat		SHW-85-1	NA-GHS-CA	

### Section 16. Other information

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.