SAFETY DATA SHEET

NM5212015

Section 1. Identification

Product name	 BERNYL[™] FACETT LV Clear Precatalyzed Topcoat 15 Gloss
Product code	: NM5212015
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: AcromaPro Wood Finishes 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
National contact	: AcromaPro Wood Finishes 140 Garden Ave. Brantford, ON N3S 7W4
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: 1-888-277-1448 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Section 2. Hazards identification

15 Gloss

Date of issue/Date of revision NM5212015 BERNYL™ FA	: 12/12/2024 Date of previous issue : 10/7/2024 CETT LV Clear Precatalyzed Topcoat	Version : 22 SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA	1/17
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face p heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition so explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.	burces. No smoking. Use non-sparking too	Use ls.
Precautionary statements			
Hazard statements	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
Signal word	: Danger		
Hazard pictograms			
GHS label elements			
	Category 3 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unkr (oral), 35.8% (dermal), 15.4% (inhalation)	nown acute toxicity: 1.	5%
substance or mixture	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSU	RE) (Narcotic effects)) -

Section 2. Hazards identification

: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Contains Formaldehyde - a potential cancer hazard.
Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
n-Butyl Acetate	36.3	123-86-4
Ethanol	21.88	64-17-5
Cellulose Nitrate	7.4	9004-70-0
Ethyl Acetate	4.95	141-78-6
2-Propanol	4.25	67-63-0
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer	1.57	68002-18-6
1-Butanol	1.47	71-36-3
Xylene, mixed isomers	0.14	1330-20-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fir	<u>st a</u>	id measures
Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 12/12/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/7/2024	Version	:22	2/17
NM5212015	BERNYL™ FACETT L\ 15 Gloss	/ Clear Precatal	yzed Topcoat		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA	

Section 4. First aid measures

	airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

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See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.Suitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide nitrogen oxidesSpecial protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. : Flammable liquid.	•	
media Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet. Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	Extinguishing media	
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equipment for fire-fighters apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.		there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water
Remark : Flammable liquid.		
	Remark	: Flammable liquid.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 12/12/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/7/2024	Version	: 22	4/17
NM5212015	BERNYL™ FACETT L\ 15 Gloss	/ Clear Precatal	yzed Topcoat		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Contains a formaldehyde-based resin which, under certain conditions of use, may release formaldehyde. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name		CAS #	Exposure limits
n-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.TWA: 710 mg/m³ 10 hours.STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes.OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours.ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [Butyl acetates]STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethanol		64-17-5	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/12/2024 Date of pre	evious issue	:10/7/2024 Version :22 5/17
NM5212015 BERNYL™ FACE 15 Gloss	ETT LV Clear Precatalyzed Topcoa	at	SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection			
Cellulose Nitrate Ethyl Acetate	9004-70-0 141-78-6	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1440 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1400 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
2-Propanol	67-63-0	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer 1-Butanol	68002-18-6 71-36-3	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 50 ppm CEIL: 150 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name		CAS #	Exposure limi	ts	
n-butyl acetate		123-86-4	OEL: 200 ppm OEL: 950 mg/r OEL: 150 ppm OEL: 713 mg/r CA Saskatchev 4/2021). STEL: 200 ppr TWA: 150 ppm CA Ontario Pro [butyl acetates STEL: 150 ppm TWA: 50 ppm	m ³ 15 minutes. 8 hours. m ³ 8 hours. wan Provincial (Canada, m 15 minutes. n 8 hours. ovincial (Canada, 6/2019 g, all isomers] m 15 minutes.	,)).
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 12/12/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/7/2024	Version : 22	6/17
IM5212015 BERNYL™ 15 Gloss	FACETT LV Clear Precat	alyzed Topcoat		SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA	4

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

		8/2023). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). [butyl acetates] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 1880 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).
		STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
lsopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 984 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 492 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		 STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Normal butyl alcohol	71-36-3	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 60 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours. C: 30 ppm CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	1330-20-7	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Dimethylbenzene]

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.
OEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
OEL: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
8/2023). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)]
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024).
[Xylene]
TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWAEV: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
STEV: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
4/2021). [Xylene]
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethanol	64-17-5	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
2-Propanol	67-63-0	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Butanol	71-36-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices (United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
2-Propanol	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 40 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.
Xylene, mixed isomers	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) [xylenes (technical or commercial grades)] BEI: 0.3 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/12/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/7/2024	Version : 22	8/17
NM5212015 BERNYL™ FACETT I 15 Gloss	V Clear Precata	lyzed Topcoat		SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
2-Propanol	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 40 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift a the end of the work week.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below a recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	
Hygiene measures	 Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task beir performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

: 10/7/2024

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Clear.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 70°C (158°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: -4°C (24.8°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Flash point Evaporation rate	 Closed cup: -4°C (24.8°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] 3.91 (butyl acetate = 1)
Evaporation rate	: 3.91 (butyl acetate = 1)
Evaporation rate Flammability Lower and upper explosion	 3.91 (butyl acetate = 1) Flammable liquid. Lower: 1.38%
Evaporation rate Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	 3.91 (butyl acetate = 1) Flammable liquid. Lower: 1.38% Upper: 19%
Evaporation rate Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit Vapor pressure	 3.91 (butyl acetate = 1) Flammable liquid. Lower: 1.38% Upper: 19% 11.5 kPa (86 mm Hg)

Media		Result
cold water		Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not	applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not	available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not	available.
Viscosity	: Kin	ematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	: Not	applicable.
Heat of combustion	: 18.6	382 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 12/12/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/7/2024	Version	: 22	10/17
NM5212015	BERNYL™ FACETT L\ 15 Gloss	/ Clear Precata	yzed Topcoat		SHW-85-I	NA-GHS-CA	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

 ion : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Cellulose Nitrate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Ethyl Acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
2-Propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Isobutylated Urea-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
Formaldehyde Polymer				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
1-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
5	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	5			mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.0666666667	-
				minutes 100	
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
2-Propanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Isobutylated Urea-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
Formaldehyde Polymer				uL	
1-Butanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-

:10/7/2024

Section 11. Toxicological information

mg

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Ethanol 2-Propanol Xylene, mixed isomers		1 3 3	

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Ethanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Ethyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-Propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-Butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

routes of exposure	
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 12/12/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/7/2024	Version	: 22	12/17
NM5212015	BERNYL™ FACETT LV 15 Gloss	Clear Precatal	yzed Topcoat		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate ef	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	<u></u>
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health et	<u>fects</u>
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	69653.46 mg/kg
Dermal	148997.59 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours 🔽	
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	
Ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours	
	Acute EC50 2 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia	48 hours	
		franciscana - Larvae		
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days	
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna -</i> Neonate	21 days	
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki -	12 weeks	
		Larvae		
Cellulose Nitrate	Acute EC50 579000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata	96 hours	
Ethyl Acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours	
-	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia cucullata</i>	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 2.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days	
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	32 days	
2-Propanol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> -	48 hours	
	Acute 2000 7000 mg/1 resh water	Neonate	40 110013	
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours	
1-Butanol	Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours	
		pugio		
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Ethanol	-	-	Readily
Ethyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
2-Propanol	-	-	Readily
1-Butanol	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Ethyl Acetate	-	30	Low
Xylene, mixed isomers		8.1 to 25.9	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	11	11	11	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).	-		<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user	Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.
Transport in bulk according : to IMO instruments	Not available.

Proper shipping name

: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

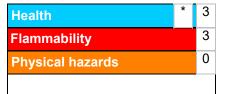
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International lists	 Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.
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Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3			Justification			
			On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method			
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NM5212015	BERNYL™ FACE 15 Gloss	ETT LV Clear Precata	alyzed Topcoat		SHW-85-NA-GHS-C	A

Section 16. Other information

History	
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Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.